CASE STUDY

Suriname’s Community-Based Communication Initiatives
About the Suriname Storytelling Workshops

The KAP/B survey informed the decision to develop an aspect of the communication campaign based on storytelling. Traditional media channels were recorded as the main source of information, however because rural areas did not consistently receive television and radio programming - additional points of communication that took into account their belief systems, language skills and entertainment preferences were recommended. The storytelling workshops were organised where artists, educators, local authorities and local media gathered to learn about the effects of climate change and were encouraged to have open discussions amongst themselves about sustainable development and other applicable issues. Of help during the workshop, was an animation created with a Dutch voiceover which assisted in outlining the climate change concerns faced by Suriname. The animation acted as a learning tool and later, was used to launch the campaign along with the storytellers.

During the workshop, the stories were presented, refined and finally some were selected for recording and distribution via traditional media, which still leads as a source of information, according to the KAP/B results. The stories were also used at ‘live’ performances, public hearings and other social gatherings. It is important to note that prior to broadcast, the animation and the stories were pre-tested using focus groups in local communities and revised as necessary, to ensure that the message was understood and could easily be adopted.

1. KAP/B → Storytelling Workshops → Story Development
2. Story Development Testing → Material Disseminated
3. Communities use this Material to Gather Knowledge and Develop Additional Items
4. Items Distributed via Social and Traditional Media
Insights & Take-aways:

**Development of Programmes which Reflect Suriname’s Diversity**

The rationale behind these storytelling workshops resulted from the desire to educate locals on climate change as well as to create communication materials and content that reflected the audience’s lived experiences. Due to Suriname’s diverse population and variation in languages spoken, a one-size fits all approach from the top-down would not effectively address the target audience. It was determined, based on the KAP/B results, that many Surinamese rely on local broadcasts and social face-to-face gatherings (also known as krutus) to receive, process and share information. As such, it was prudent to ensure that all communication materials resonated more closely with them so they would be easily shareable. Hence the decision to have community leaders and artists create their own unique materials.

**User Generated Content**

User Generated Content is defined as any type of content that has been created and distributed by unpaid contributors. The use of it in campaigns is an effective way to create buzz and ensure that the audience is invested and connected to the content. The storytelling workshop and resulting deliverables was a smart and effective way of helping to bridge the gap for Surinamese who are aware of climate change but not necessarily clear on how it directly impacts them.

**Brand Ambassadors and Community Links**

Resulting from these workshops, the initiative got immediate brand ambassadors, in the form of the workshop participants. The participatory approach ensured buy-in from storytellers who were engaged and willing to write, adjust and create content for climate change awareness. This is especially important considering that in-person conversations and social gatherings is the way many Surinamese receive and share information and providing the information to these potential partners secured further involvement from the local community. This means that the storytelling workshop’s success was two-fold: development of effective, shareable materials as well as “partners” who can champion the cause of climate change awareness.

**Final Thoughts**

The community-grassroots approach employed in this campaign was successful in targeting hard-to-reach communities in Suriname. Engaging storytellers to create their own climate change content was a novel approach and has successfully expanded the scope for the development and reach of communication campaigns. Future use of local user generated content should be explored in similar campaigns to better the chances of brand recall and local engagement.

Animation produced for Suriname with Dutch voice-overs